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| 09/737,404 | 12/14/2000 | Suman Kumar Inala | P3902D1 | 1791 |

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EXAMINER

HUTTON JR, WILLIAM D

| ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
|----------|--------------|
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2178

DATE MAILED: 10/09/2003

14

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Applicati n No.

09/737,404

Applicant(s)

INALA ET AL.

Examiner

Doug Hutton

Art Unit

2178

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication app ars on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 July 2003.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-5 and 7-11 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-5 and 7-11 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
- If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
- a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _____.
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____.
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: _____.

Applicant's Response

In Paper No. 13, Applicant amended Claims 1 and 7, and argued against all objections and rejections previously set forth in Paper No. 12.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-5 and 7-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nazem et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,983,227, in view of Nehab et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,029,182, Gershman et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,356,905, and Rao, U.S. Patent No. 6,078,929.

Claim 1:

Nazem discloses an Internet Portal (Nazem, Internet 106; Column 2, Lines 52-57), comprising:

- an Internet-connected server (Nazem, a client-server system 100 . . . obtains the page from a page server 104 via Internet 106; Column 2, Lines 51-57 and Figure 1); and
- a portal software executing on the server (Nazem, Figures 1 and 5, "my.yahoo.com", a well-known Internet portal), including a summary software

agent (Nazem, Column 3, Lines 15-48, when a page server receives the URL . . . it interprets that as a request for the user's custom summary page).

While teaching "summarizes the retrieved information for delivery to the subscriber" (Nazem, Column 5, Lines 66 through Column 6, Line 12, summaries from each of the major news topics can also be stored in the shared memory and viewed by pressing on the news topic header . . . intelligently display dates 510 customized for a particular user), Nazem fails to expressly disclose maintaining a list of Internet destinations at secure servers, maintaining personal financial accounts for one or more of a plurality of subscribing users, and a summary software agent that automatically logs in to the secure servers on behalf of, and transparent to, the subscribing users at the Portal, retrieves financial information personal to the subscribing users, stores the retrieved financial information at the portal; according to pre-programmed criteria, and summarizes the retrieved information for delivery to the subscribing users.

Nehab teaches the steps of:

- maintaining a list of Internet destinations specifically authorized and specified by a subscribing user (Nehab, Abstract, Lines 1-5, a World Wide Web site data retrieval system . . . stored Web site address information); and
- the summary software agent automatically logs in to the secure server on behalf of, and transparent to the subscribing users, according to data stored for the subscribing users at the Portal, retrieves financial information personal to the subscribing users, stores the retrieved financial information at the portal;

according to pre-programmed criteria, and summarizes the retrieved information for delivery to the subscribing users (Nehab, Abstract, Lines 1-22; Column 3, Lines 15-28 and Lines 50-65; Column 4, Lines 2-12; Column 9, Lines 36-43 and Column 10, Lines 22-28, server retrieves stored personal user profile which includes user defined web site address information, user defined web site command, and user defined formatting command to automatically access, download, extract, and format various web sites into personalized document based on user defined criteria).

Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Nehab and Nazem to summarize the retrieved information from many web sites which are defined and authorized by subscribers, and deliver these summaries to the subscribers, since it would have provided the capability for searching and obtaining personal information that subscribers need on an Internet server.

However, Nehab does not explicitly disclose personal information is financial information, which is maintained at secure servers.

Gershman teaches Portal server utilize software agents and third party services to respond to customer needs, such a personal news and entertainment, personal shopping, personal finance, personal life insurance, paying bills, etc. (Gershman, Column 34, Lines 60-63; Column 35, Lines 15-20 and Lines 61-65; Column 57, Lines 5-15 and Lines 29-33). Gershman's teaching of obtaining personal finance and bill

payment information online certainly implies the use of secure servers and user authentication.

Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined Gershman into Nehab and Nazem to provide financial information personal for subscribers through Portal server, since the subscribers would have received many personal information needs from many services such as personal shopping, personal insurance summary, paying bill, etc. besides personalized newspaper of Nehab.

Further, Rao teaches a server automatically logs in to secure server on behalf of and transparent to a subscribing user by using user ID and password (Rao, Abstract and Column 4, Lines 15-24).

Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined Rao into Gershman, Nehab and Nazem to allow the summary agent of Nehab to automatically log in to the secure servers, such as financial, credit bill, life insurance servers, on behalf of subscribing users, since the agent would have retrieved personal information needs from many kinds of servers for a subscribing server by using the subscribing user's ID and password that is authorized.

Claim 2:

As indicated in the above discussion, Nazem, Nehab, Gershman and Rao teach the limitations of Claim 1.

Nehab teaches a configuration and initiation interface for a subscriber to set up and start a summary search (Nehab, Column 9, Lines 36-43 and Column 10, Lines 37-44).

Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Nehab with Nazem because it would have provided the capability for facilitating searching and obtaining information from an Internet server.

Claim 3:

As indicated in the above discussion, Nazem, Nehab, Gershman and Rao teach the limitations of Claim 1.

Nehab teaches the summary searches are configured for individual clients as templates stored and retrieved at the Internet-connected server (Nehab, Column 7, Lines 27-34).

Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Nehab with Nazem because it would have provided the capability for facilitating storing and retrieving information from an Internet server.

Claim 4:

As indicated in the above discussion, Nazem, Nehab, Gershman and Rao teach the limitations of Claim 1.

Nehab teaches information retrieved in a summary search is to be retrieved by the subscriber (Nehab, Column 10, Lines 22-36).

Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Nehab with Nazem because it would have provided the capability for users to retrieve a summary search.

Claim 5:

As indicated in the above discussion, Nazem, Nehab, Gershman and Rao teach the limitations of Claim 1.

Nehab teaches information retrieved in a summary search is downloaded immediately to the subscriber (Nehab, Column 10, Lines 22-36).

Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Nehab with Nazem because it would have provided the capability for users to view a summary of the desired information.

Claim 7:

This claim is directed to a method for presenting the system of Claim 1 and is similarly rejected under the same rationale.

Claims 8-11:

These claims include the same limitations as in Claims 2-5 and are similarly rejected under the same rationale.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 16 July 2003 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Arguments for Claims 1 and 7:

Applicant argues that the patentable distinction between the present invention and the invention disclosed in Rao is that the present invention does not require a user to run a browser application in order to initiate the secure login process, whereas Rao teaches that the login process is initiated through the user's interaction with a browser. See *Applicant's Response* – Paper No. 13, Page 6, Lines 10-17. Applicant also points out that the present invention does not require that a user be connected to the Internet in order to initiate the secured logging process. See *Applicant's Response* – Paper No. 13, Page 6, Line 26 through Page 7, Line 5.

In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show these features of Applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies are not recited in the rejected claims. Although the claims are interpreted in light of the

specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Doug Hutton whose telephone number is (703) 305-1701. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Heather Herndon, can be reached at (703) 308-5186. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 746-7239.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

WDH

October 2, 2003

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Heather Herndon", with a stylized flourish at the end.

**HEATHER HERNDON
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECH CENTER 2100**